

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Objectives:

- Understand what is meant by “relation”
- Find the Domain and the Range of a relation.
- Graph a relation that is defined by an equation.

What is a Relationship?

What is a Relation?

We often see relationships between two variables.

For Example:

Someone's level of education is linked to annual income.

Engine size is linked to gas milage.

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Definition:

When the elements of one set are linked to elements in a second set, we have a RELATION. If x and y are two elements in these sets and if a relation exists between x and y , then we say that

x corresponds to y

or

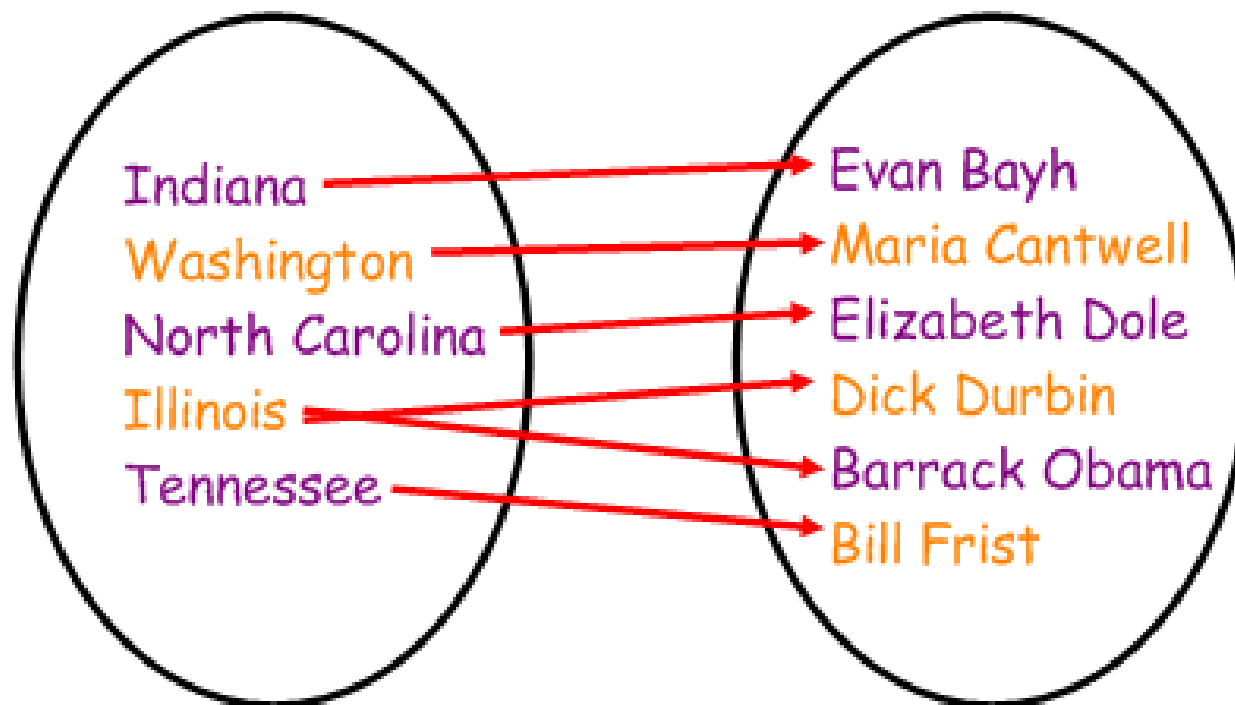
y depends on x ,

and we write $x \longrightarrow y$. We may also write a relation where y depends on x as an ordered pair (x, y) .

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

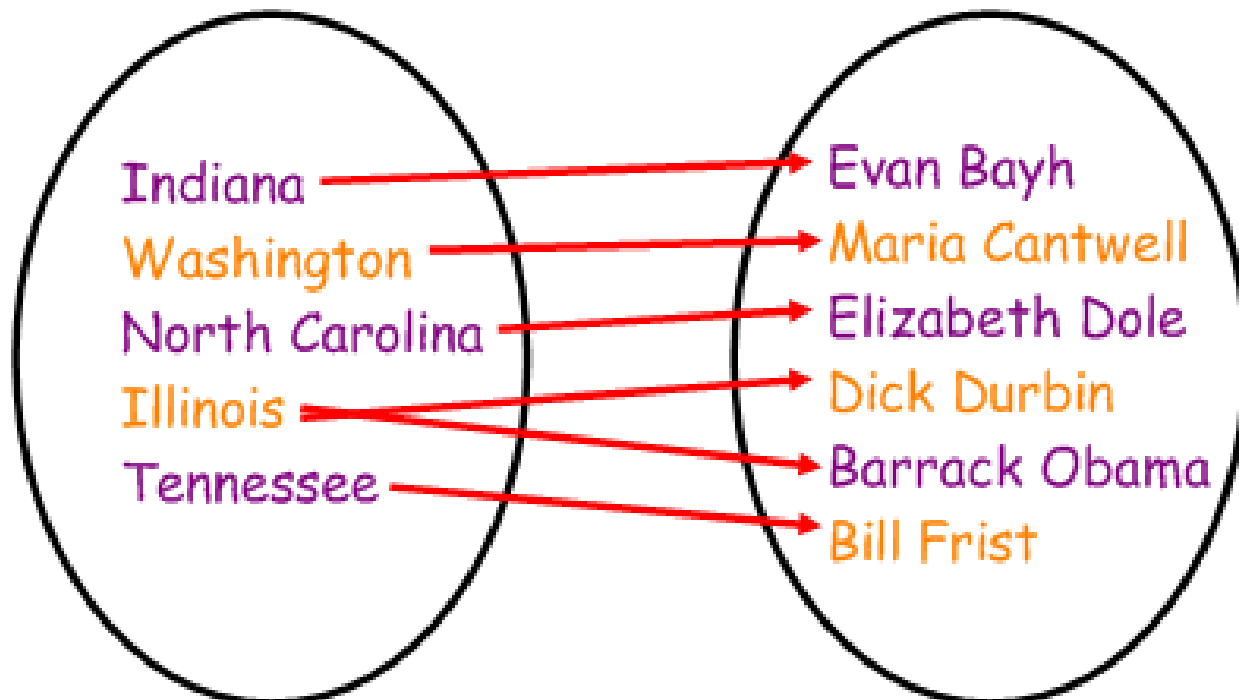
Mapping

Consider the data below. It shows the relationship between states and randomly selected Senators from 2005. We could say the relation (or relationship) is "is represented by".



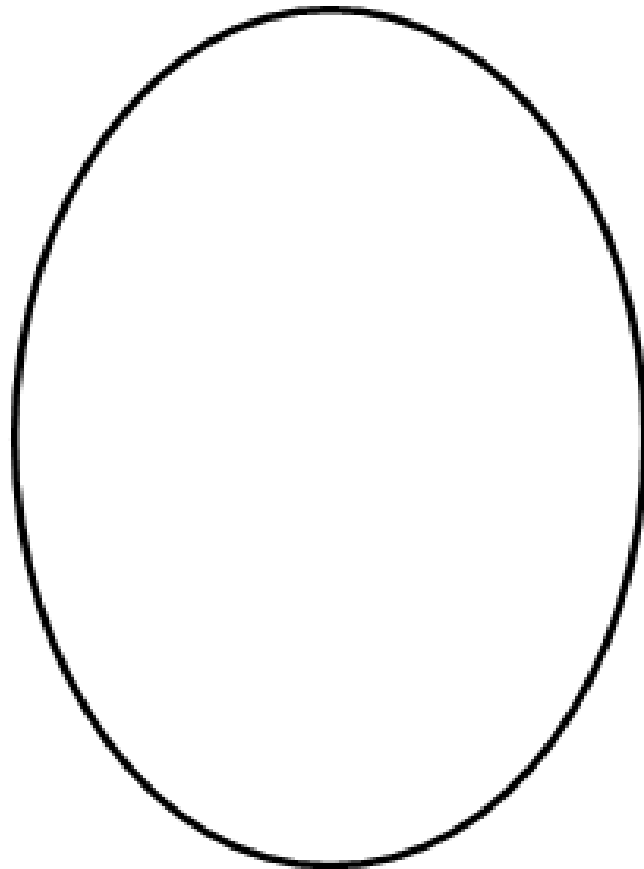
Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Write as ordered pairs:

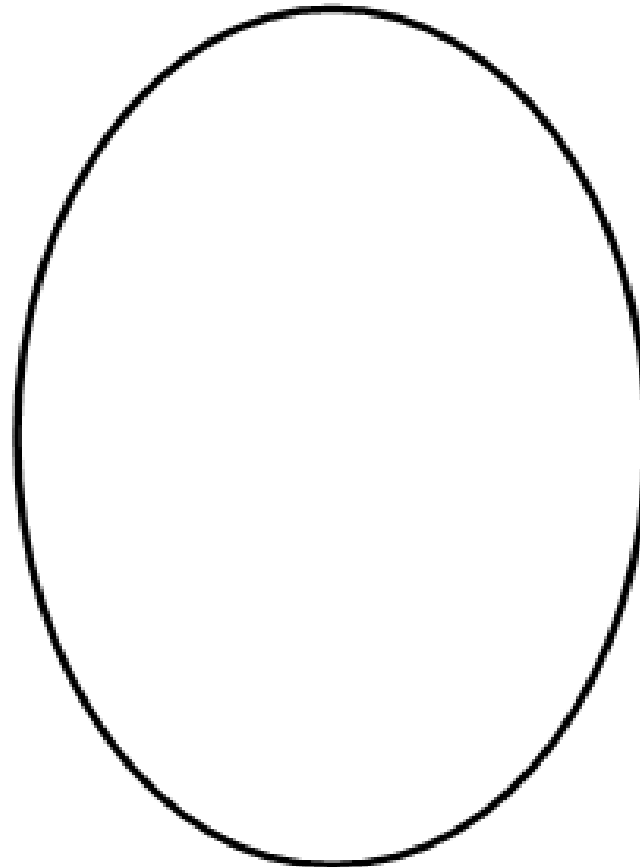


Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Name



Birthday



Can we have a person with more than one birthday?

Can we have a day where more than one person was born?

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Represent this relation (ordered pairs) as a Mapping:

$\{(1, 3), (5, 4), (8, 4), (10, 13)\}$

Domain and Range:

In a relation, we say that y depends on x and could write the relation as a set of ordered pairs (x, y) .

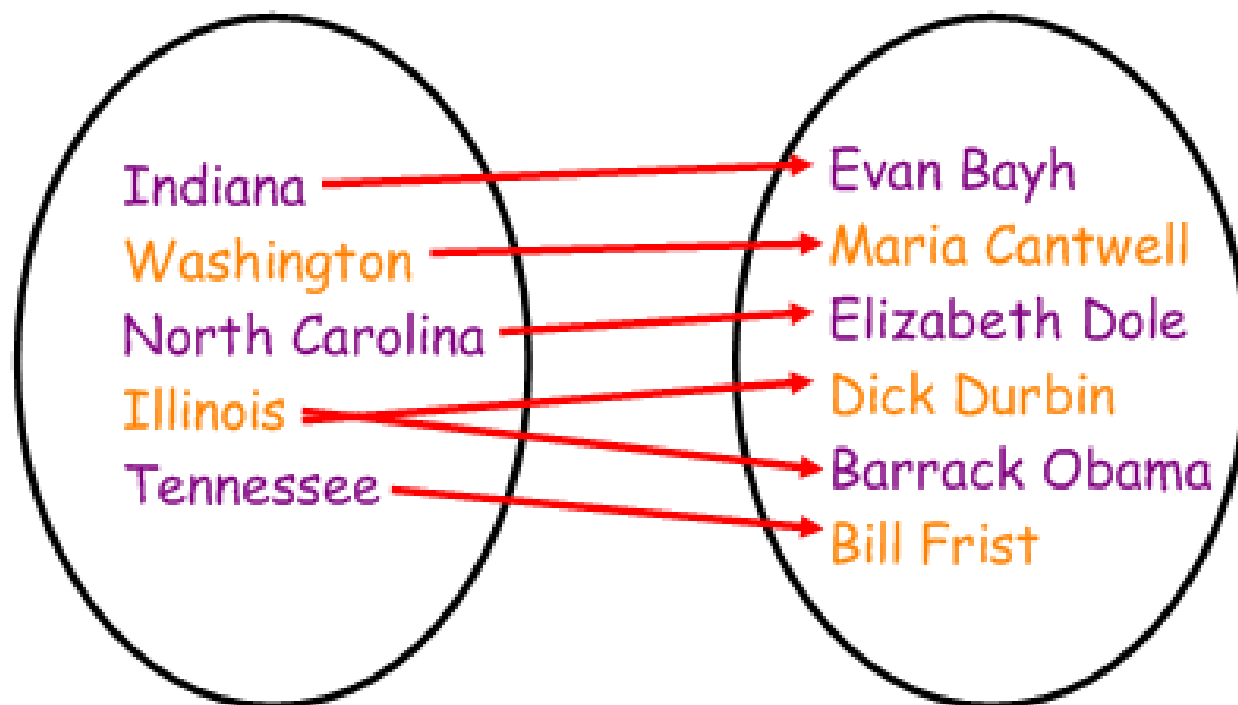
We can think of the set of all x as the **INPUTS** of the relations.

The set of all y can be thought of as the **OUTPUTS** of the relations.

We use this interpretation of a relations to define **DOMAIN** and **RANGE**. These will be written as sets.

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

State the DOMAIN and the RANGE:



Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

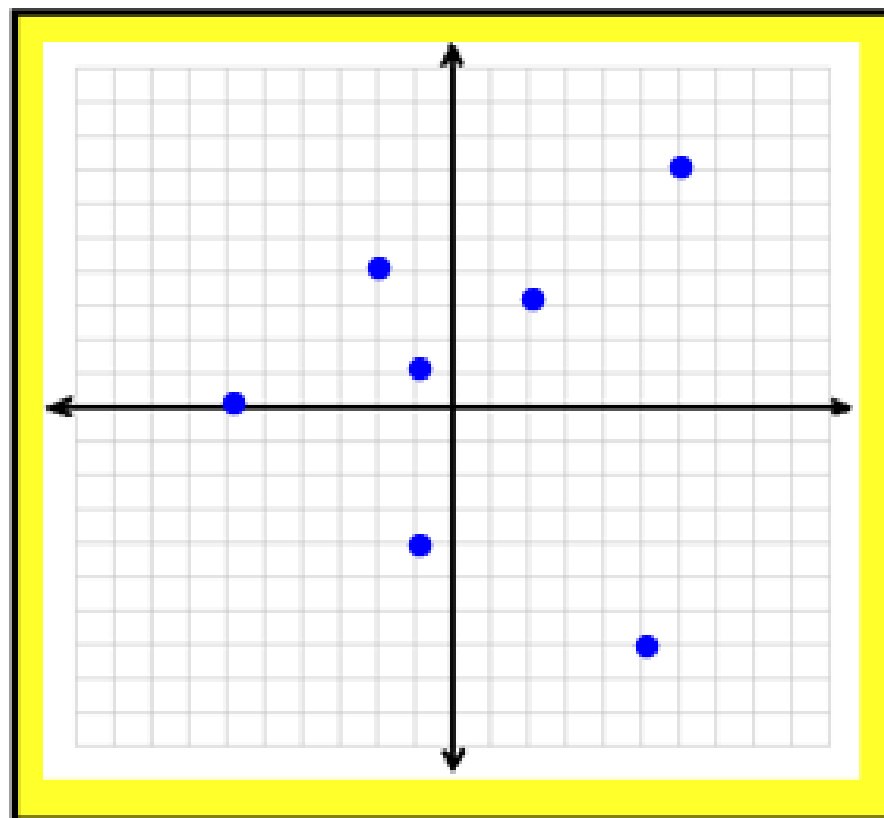
State the **DOMAIN** and **RANGE** of this relation:

$\{(1, 3), (5, 4), (8, 4), (10, 13)\}$

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

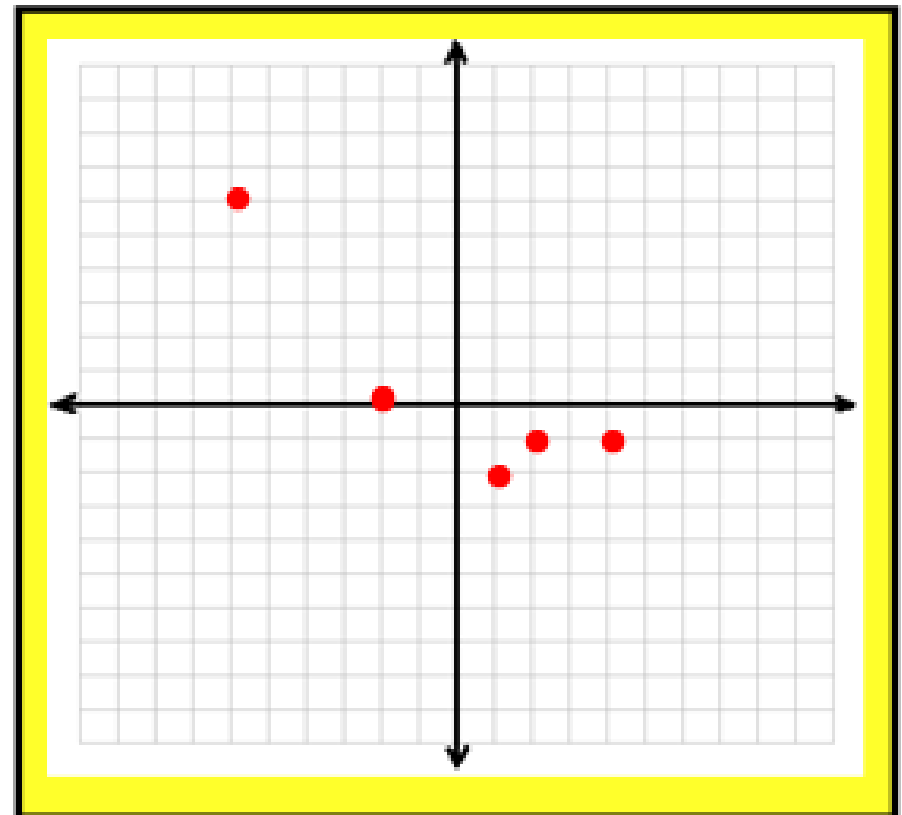
Relations can also be represented by graphs (with ordered pairs). The set of all x -coordinates represent the **DOMAIN** of the relations and the set of all y -coordinates represents the **RANGE** of the relation.

State the domain and range:



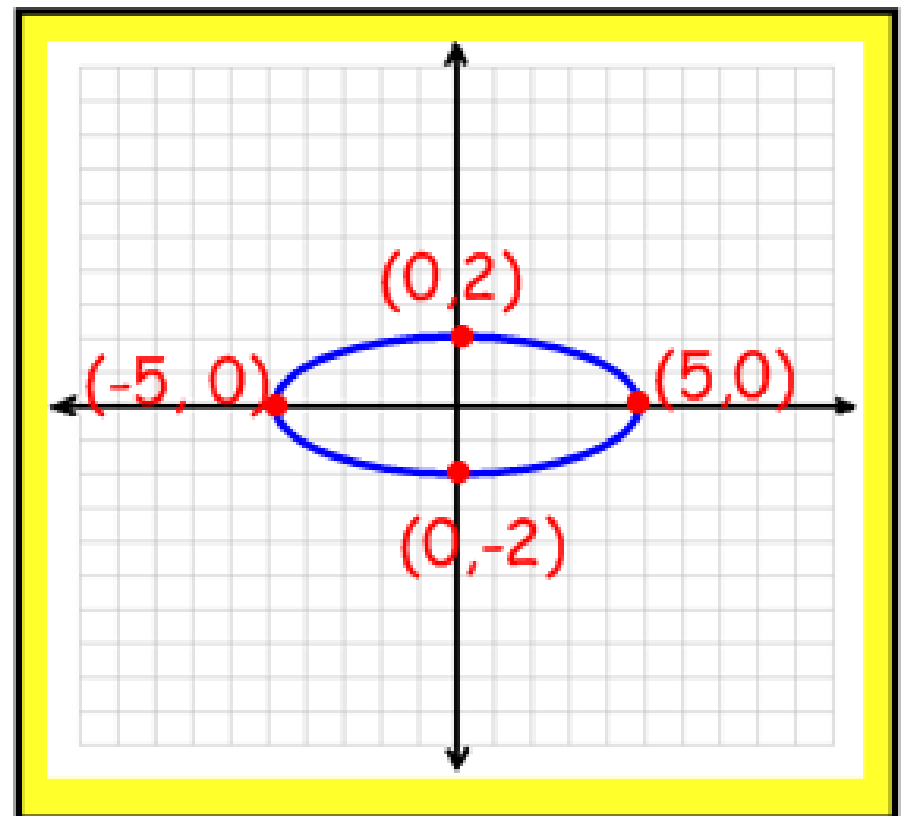
Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

State the DOMAIN and RANGE:



Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

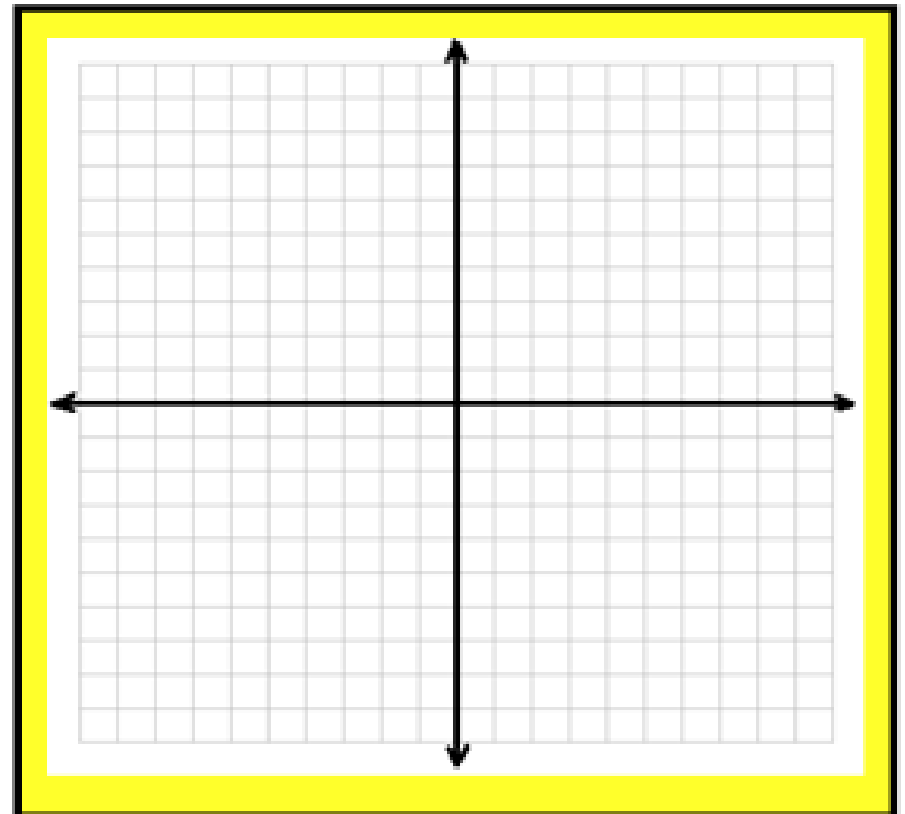
State the DOMAIN and RANGE:



Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Another approach to defining a relation is through equations. We can find how x and y are related through equations. We can also find the Domain and Range from equations. (It is helpful to graph them).

State the DOMAIN and RANGE: $y = 3x - 8$



Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Objectives:

- Understand what is meant by “relation”
- Find the Domain and the Range of a relation.
- Graph a relation that is defined by an equation.

Can you?

Homework:

Pg. 153: 1-5 all, 9, 13, 17, 21, 23,
31, 33, 37, 39, 41, 53, 55
(18 prob)