

Lesson 2.2: Graphs, Relations, and Functions

Objectives:

- Understand what is meant by “relation”
- Find the Domain and the Range of a relation.
- Graph a relation that is defined by an equation.

What is a Relationship?

What is a Relation?

how two things
are linked

We often see relationships between two variables.

For Example:

Someone's level of education is linked to annual income.

Engine size is linked to gas milage.

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Definition:

When the elements of one set are linked to elements in a second set, we have a RELATION. If x and y are two elements in these sets and if a relation exists between x and y , then we say that

x corresponds to y

or

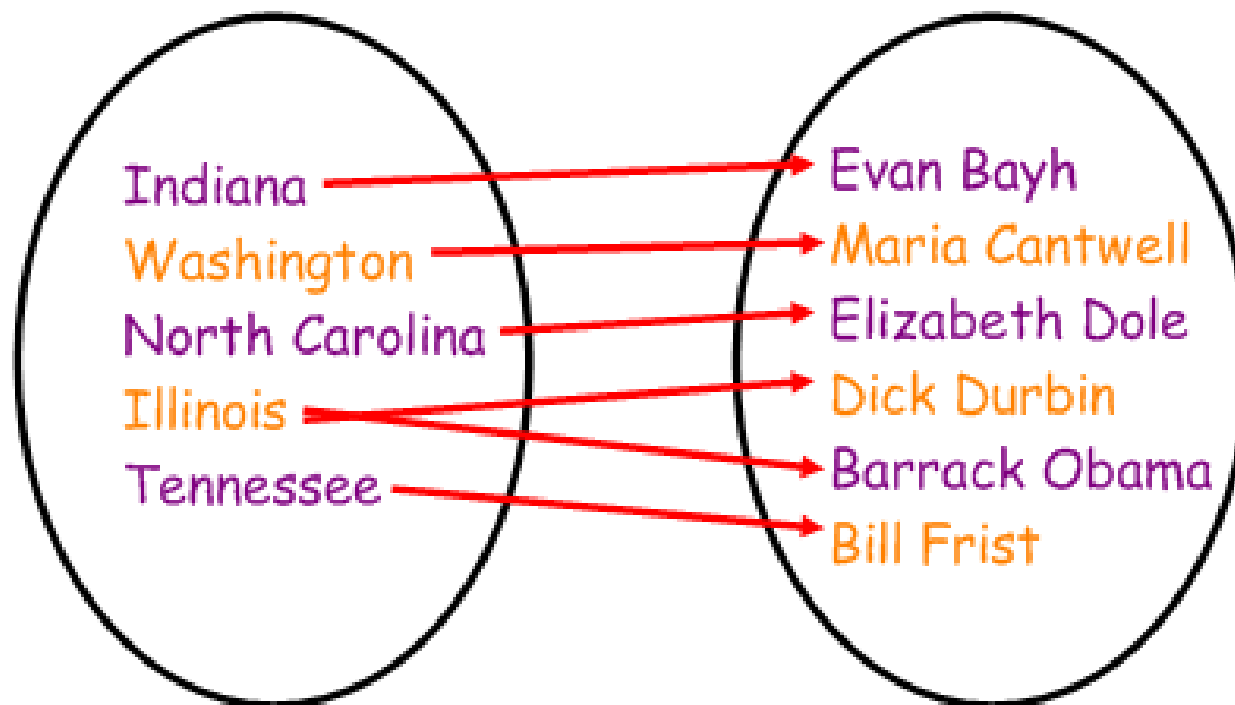
y depends on x ,

and we write $x \longrightarrow y$. We may also write a relation where y depends on x as an ordered pair (x, y) .

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Mapping

Consider the data below. It shows the relationship between states and randomly selected Senators from 2005. We could say the relation (or relationship) is "is represented by".



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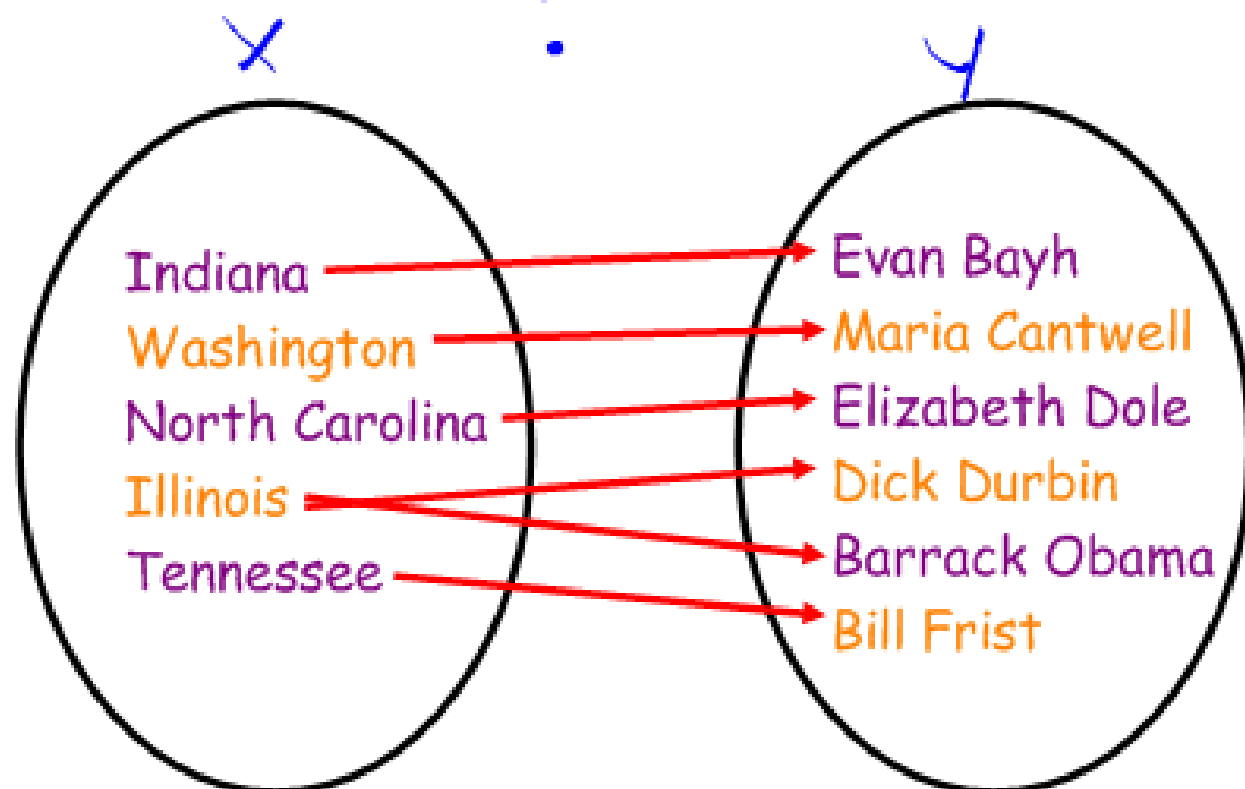
Write as ordered pairs:

(Indiana, Evan Bayh)

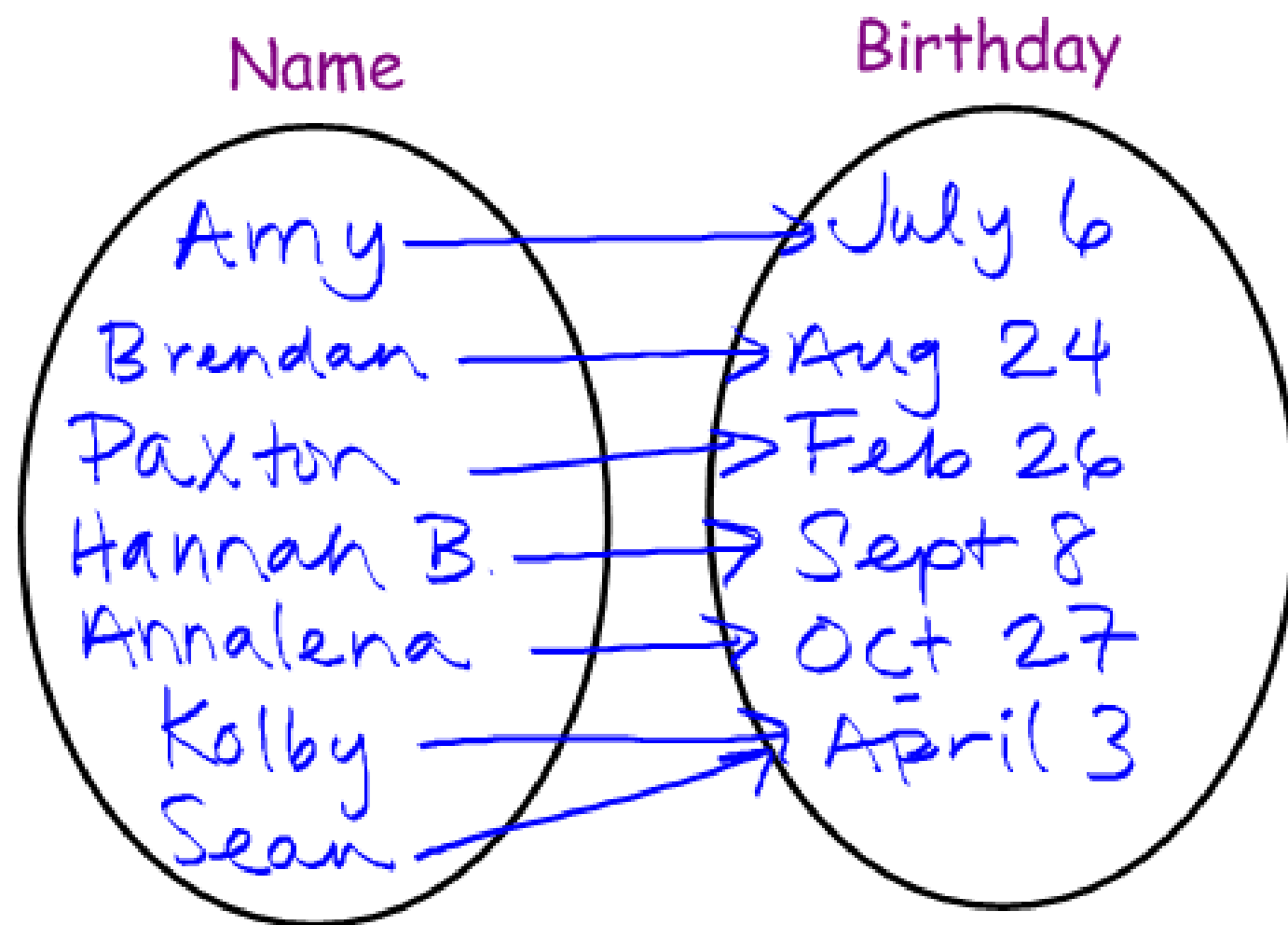
(WA, Maria Cantwell)

(NC, Eliz. Dole)

⋮



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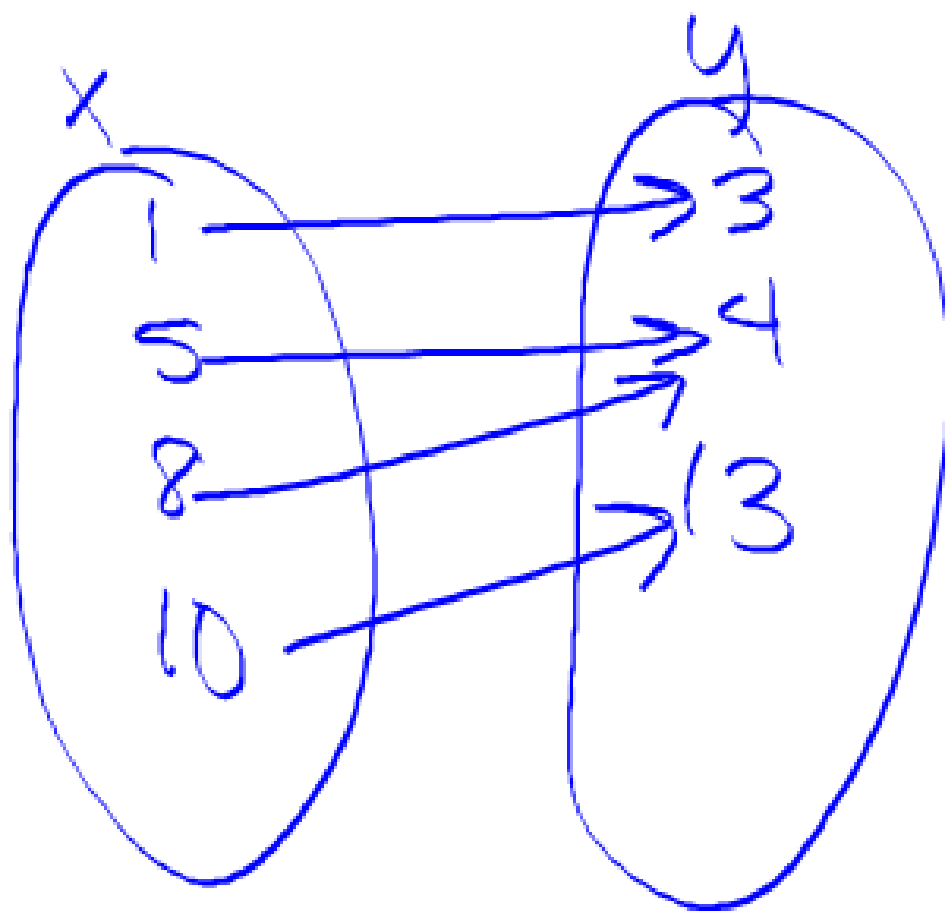
Can we have a person with more than one birthday?

Can we have a day where more than one person was born?

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Represent this relation (ordered pairs) as a Mapping:

$\{(1, 3), (5, 4), (8, 4), (10, 13)\}$



Domain and Range:

In a relation, we say that y depends on x and could write the relation as a set of ordered pairs (x, y) .

We can think of the set of all x as the **INPUTS** of the relations.

The set of all y can be thought of as the **OUTPUTS** of the relations.

We use this interpretation of a relations to define **DOMAIN** and **RANGE**. These will be written as sets.

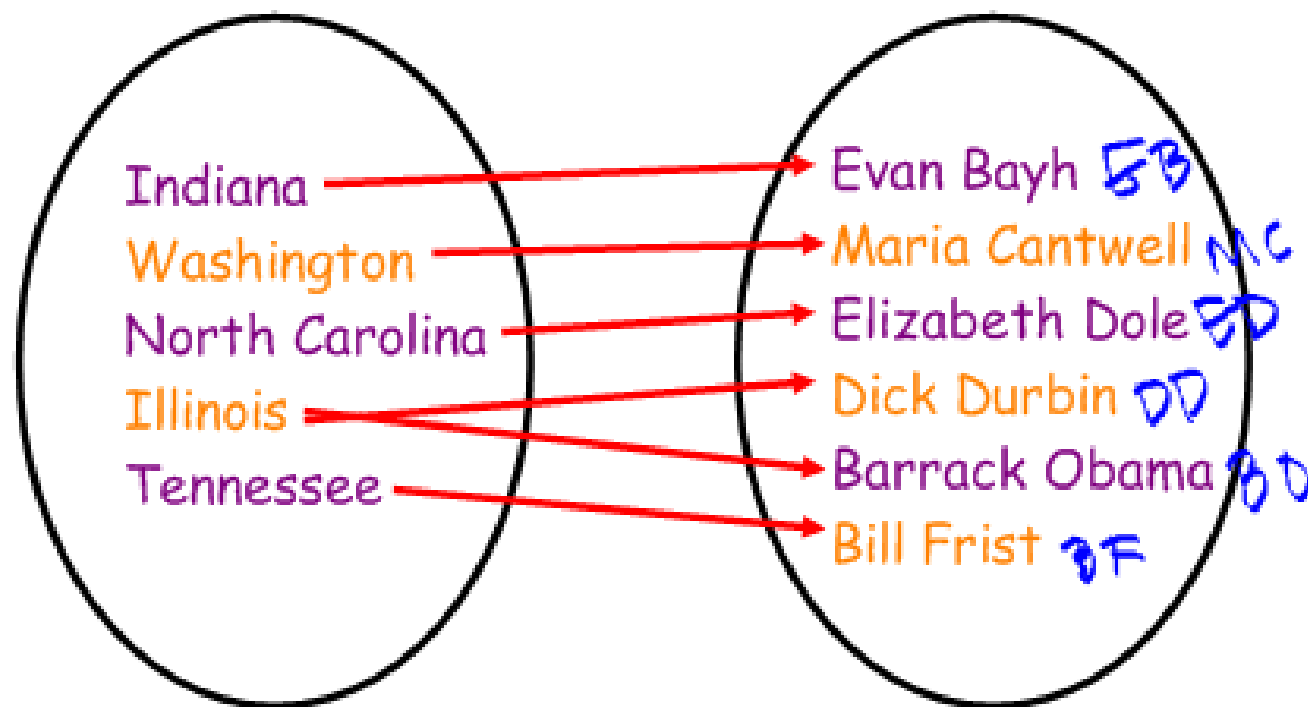
X Y

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State the DOMAIN and the RANGE:

Domain: $\{IN, WA, NC, IL, TN\}$

Range: $\{E.B, M.C., E.D., D.D., B.O., B.F.\}$



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State the DOMAIN and RANGE of this relation:

$\{(1, 3), (5, 4), (8, 4), (10, 13)\}$

Domain: $\{1, 5, 8, 10\}$

Range: $\{3, 4, 13\}$

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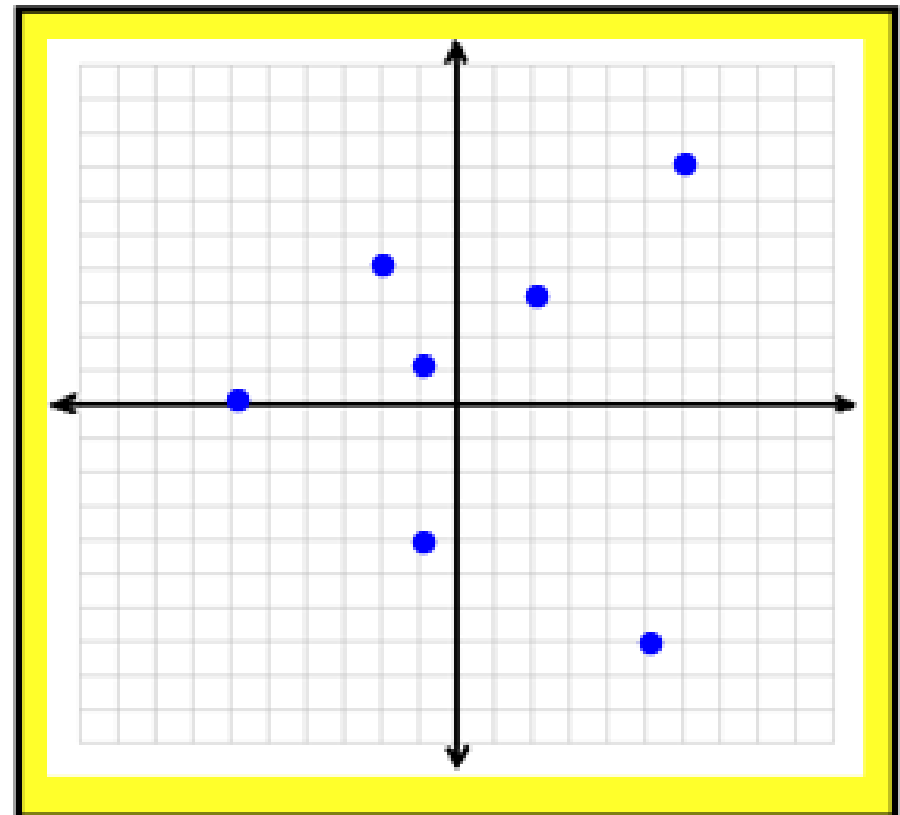
Relations can also be represented by graphs (with ordered pairs). The set of all x-coordinates represent the **DOMAIN** of the relations and the set of all y-coordinates represents the **RANGE** of the relation.

State the domain and range:

$$D: \{-6, -2, -1, 2, 5, 6\}$$

$$R: \{0, 4, 1, -4, 3, -7, 7\}$$

or $\{-7, -4, 0, 1, 3, 4, 7\}$



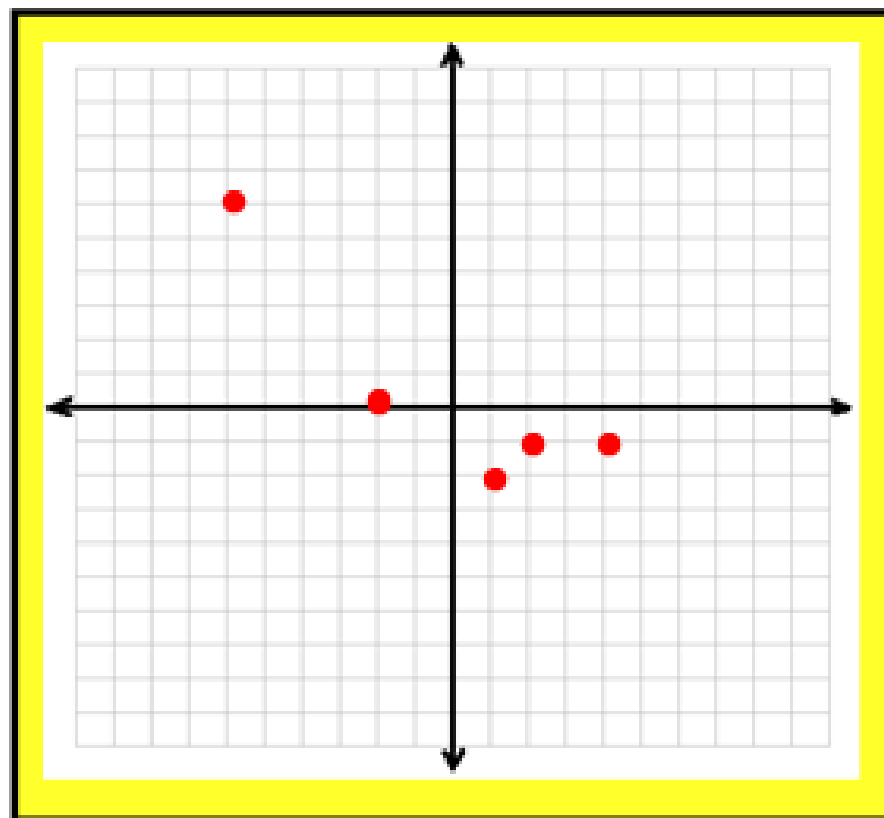
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State the DOMAIN and RANGE:

$$D: \{-6, -2, 1, 2, 4\}$$

$$R: \{6, 0, -2, -1\}$$

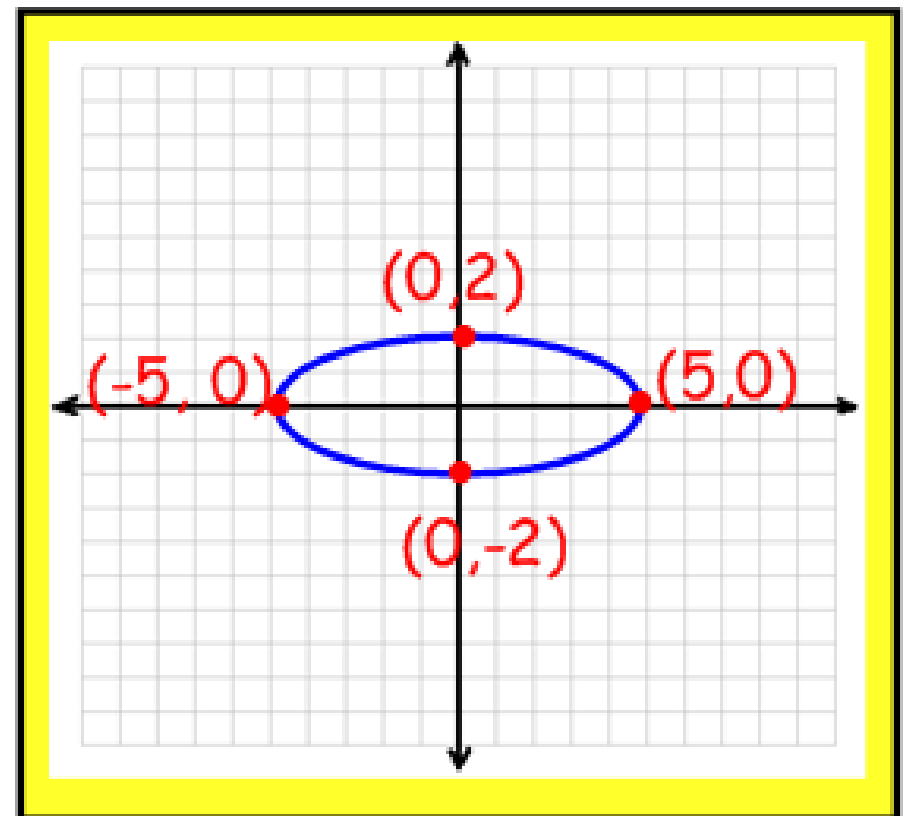
$(-6, 6)$
 $(-2, 0)$
 $(1, -2)$
 $(2, -1)$
 $(4, -1)$



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State the DOMAIN and RANGE:

<u>Set</u>	}	<u>Interval</u>
$D: \{x \mid -5 \leq x \leq 5\}$		$D: [-5, 5]$
$R: \{y \mid -2 \leq y \leq 2\}$		$R: [-2, 2]$



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Another approach to defining a relation is through equations. We can find how x and y are related through equations. We can also find the Domain and Range from equations. (It is helpful to graph them).

State the DOMAIN and RANGE:

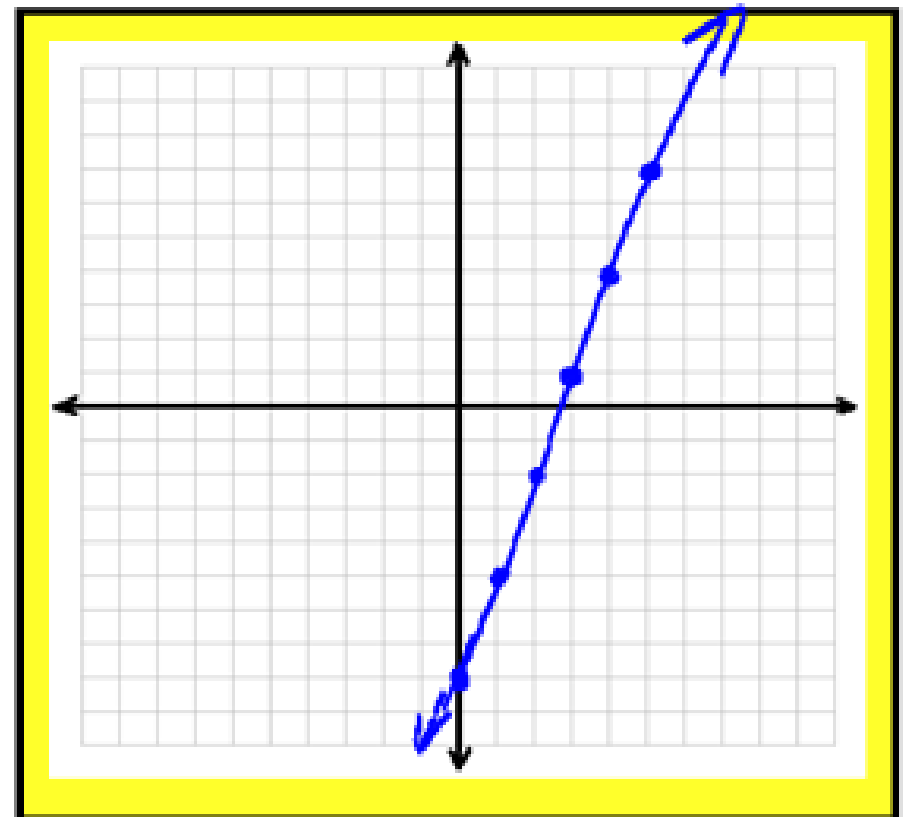
Set

Interval

$$D: \mathbb{R} \text{ or } (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$R: \mathbb{R} \text{ or } (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$y = 3x - 8$$



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Can you?

Homework:

Pg. 153: 1-5 all, 9, 13, 17, 21, 23,
31, 33, 37, 39, 41, 53, 55
(18 prob)