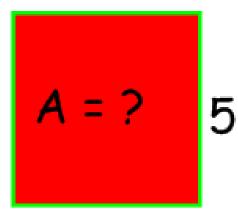
By the end of the lesson, we will be able to:

~ Solve equations with radicals in them.

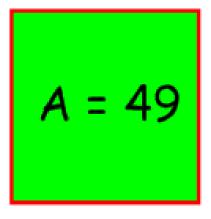
What is a radical?

What is an example of a Radical Equation?

What is the area of the square?



What is the length of a side of the square?



$$A = 64$$

$$A = 50$$

#### Steps for solving radical equations:

- Isolate the radical. (If there is more than one radical, isolate the biggest radical expression.)
- 2. Square both sides of the equation. (Or cube if radical is cube root, etc.)
- If there are additional radicals left, repeat steps 1 and 2.
- 4. Isolate the variable.
- 5. Check your solution. (Some solutions may be extraneous.)

a.) 
$$\sqrt{x} = 4$$

b.) 
$$\sqrt[3]{x-20} = 5$$

c.) 
$$5 + \sqrt{h+1} = 8$$
 d.)  $5 + \sqrt{w+3} = -8$ 

e.) 
$$2\sqrt{m-3}=7$$

f.) 
$$(3y-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}-2=0$$

g.) 
$$(2n+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}+5=2$$

h.) Solve for L: 
$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$

i.) 
$$\sqrt{x+21}-1=\sqrt{x+12}$$

**j.)** 
$$\sqrt{x-1} = \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{5}$$

By the end of the lesson, we will be able to:

~ Solve equations with radicals in them.

Can you?

#### Homework:

Assignment 26



Happy Holidays!

