Objectives:

- ~ Solve compound inequalities using AND and OR
- ~ Solve inequalities involving Absolute Values
- ~ Graph solutions on a number line

Compound Inequalities are inequalities that have more than one part.

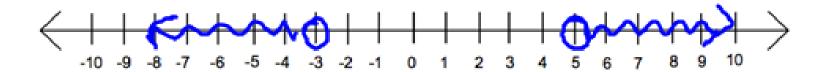
The first kind of Compound Inequality is an "Intersection" - also called an "and". (shading laps)

Ex: $-2 < x < 6 \ x > -2$ x < 6



 The second kind of Compound Inequality is a "Union" - also called an "or". (Shade apart)

Ex: x < -3 or x > 5



Ex 1: Solve and graph. Solve all three parts at the same time.

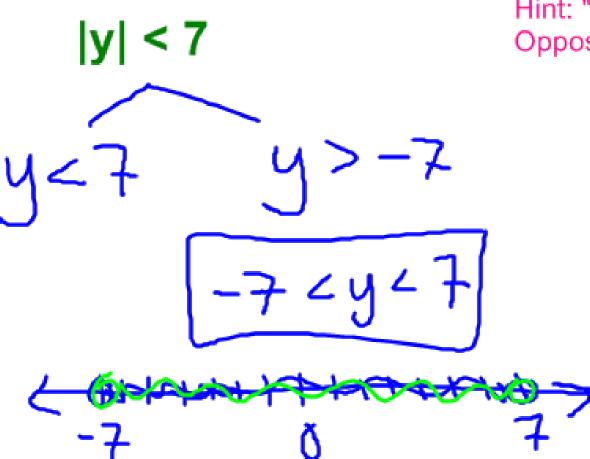
$$\frac{9 < 3x + 6 < 15}{\frac{-b}{3}} = \frac{9 < 3x + 6 < 15}{3}$$
 $1 < x < \frac{9}{3}$
 $1 < x < 3$
 $1 < x < 3$

Ex 2: Solve and graph. Solve separately.

$$x - 3 > 1$$
 or $x + 2 < 1$
 $+3 + 3$ $-2 - 2$
 $x > 4$ $x < -1$
 $x > 4$ $x < -1$

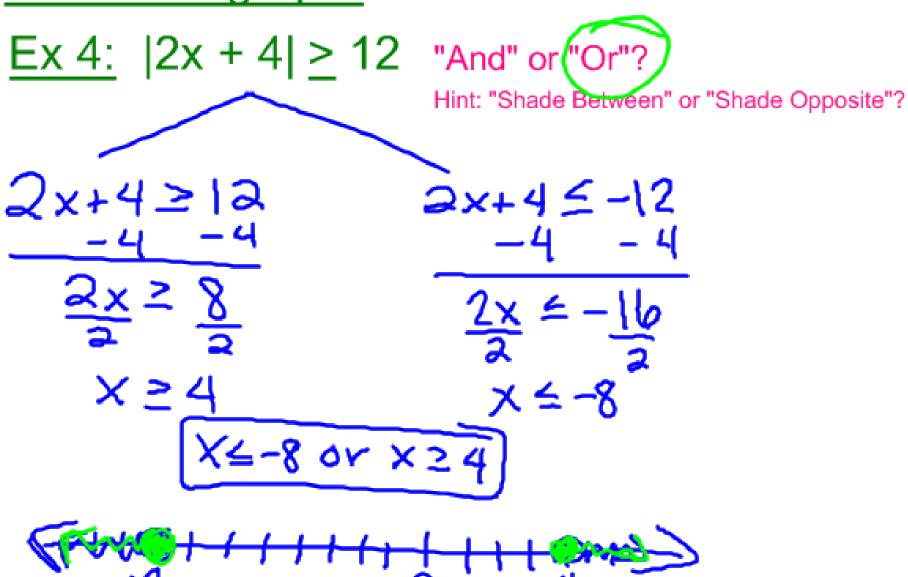
Ex 3: Solve and graph.





Hint: "Shade Between" or "Shade Opposite"?

Solve and graph.



Compare and Contrast:

What does the direction of the inequality sign tell us about our final answer and graph?

$$|y| < 7$$
 $|2x + 4| \ge 12$

Intersection
"and"

 \angle
 \leq

Solve and graph.

Ex 5:
$$3|2x - 9| - 21 \le 6$$
 $|3|2x - 9| = 27$
 $|2x - 9| \le 9$
 $|2x - 9| \ge 9$

$$\frac{2x-92-9}{2x-0}$$

Solve and graph.

Ex 6:
$$-2|x+3| + 1 < -17$$

$$-2|x+3| < -18$$

$$-2|x+3| > 9$$

$$|x+3| > 9$$

$$-3 - 3$$

$$x > 6$$

$$x > 6$$

$$x > 7$$

STOP AND THINK!!

Just like with Absolute values, we have some special cases (remember that absolute values can't equal a negative?).

Special Case #1:

An absolute value that is < or < a negative number will never have a solution.

This is because an abs. val. is the distance from zero. Distance can never be less than zero (a negative).

Lesson 5: Sec. 1-7 Solving Absolute Value Inequalities Solve and graph.

$$\frac{\text{Ex 7:}}{|X-4|+6\leq 1}$$

$$|X-4|\leq -5$$

$$|X - 4|\leq -5$$

Special Case #2:

An absolute value that is > or > a negative number will have a solution of all real numbers.

This is because an abs. val. is the distance from zero. Distance will always be greater than zero (a negative).

Lesson 5: Sec. 1-7 Solving Absolute Value Inequalities Solve and graph.

Ex 8:
$$|5x - 2| + 15 \ge 10$$
 $|5x - 2| \ge -15$
 $|5x - 2| \ge -5$

Objectives:

- ~ Solve compound inequalities using AND and OR
- ~ Solve inequalities involving Absolute Values
- ~ Graph solutions on a number line

Can you?

Homework: *Take note of different due dates.

Review for Test 1 worksheet

Due beginning of class next time.

Assignment 5

Due Beginning of class the day AFTER test day.