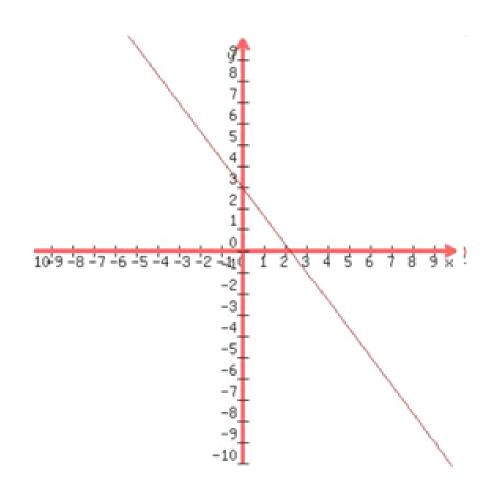
Linear Equations, Slope, and X & Y Intercepts

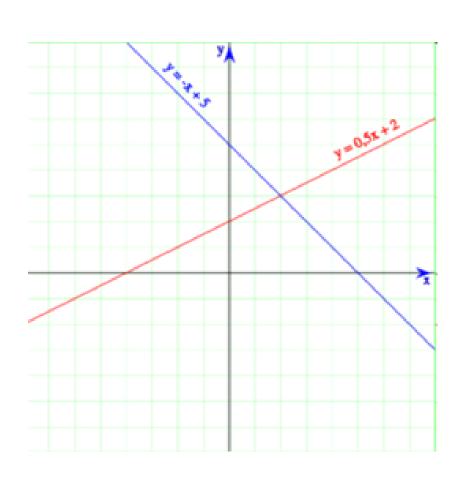
Objectives:

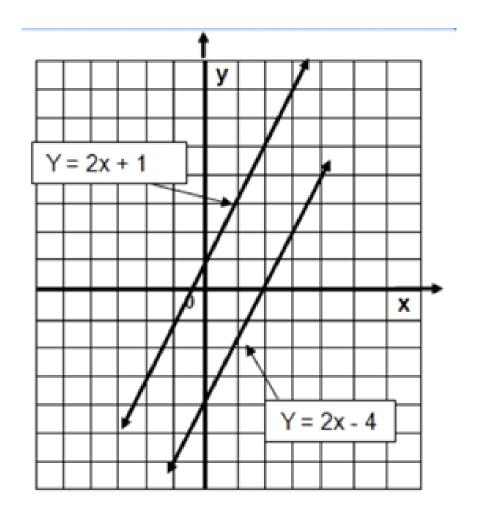
- ~ Find the Slope of a line
- ~ State whether an equation is Linear
- ~ Find x and y intercepts of a line
- ~ Graph a line by x and y intercepts

Linear Equations: when graphed, a linear equation forms a straight line.

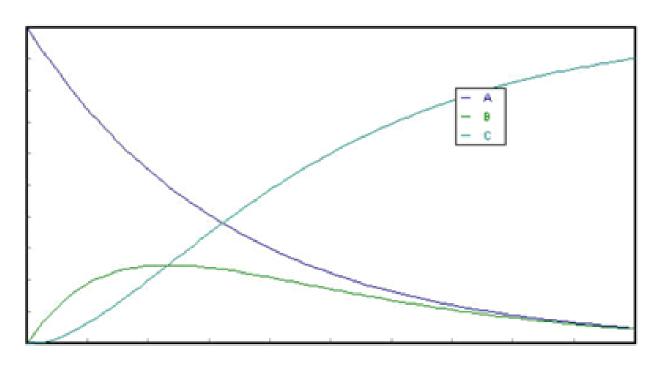


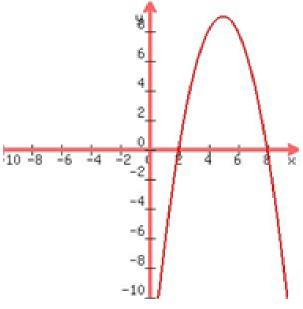
Graph examples:





Graph Non-examples:





How can we tell from just an equation?

A linear equation needs to have one or two variables. They are usually "x" and "y". You cannot have more than two variables.

Standard Form: Ax + By = C, where A, B, C are Real numbers and A, B are not 0

How can we tell from just an equation?

A linear equation CANNOT have:

- Powers (exponents) on variables
- Square roots on variables
- Dividing by variables
- Multiplying variables
- Variables in the denominator of a fraction

Linear Equation Examples:

$$y = 5x - 7$$

$$3y = 4^2x$$

$$y = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$7n - 8m = 4 - 2m$$

$$3^2x + 4y = 1$$

$$42y + 21x = 14$$

Linear Equation Non-Examples:

Why do these not work?

$$y = 5xy - 10$$

$$42y^2 + 21x^2 = 14$$

$$y = \frac{3}{x}$$

$$3y = 4x + 3z$$

$$3x^2 + 4y = 1$$

$$8m = 4 - 2m^2$$

Your turn: Linear Equation or not?

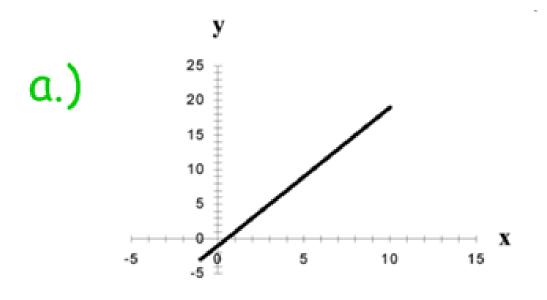
a.)
$$y = 3x + x$$

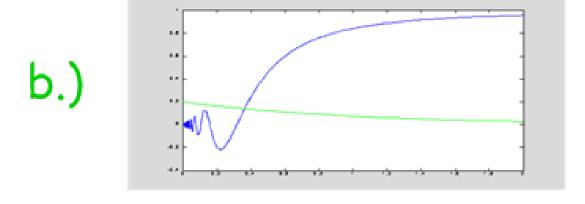
b.)
$$x = \frac{1}{y}$$

C.)
$$4y = 3x + yx$$

d.)
$$10^2y - 3x = 2$$

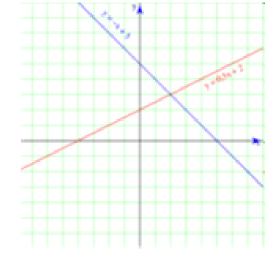
Your turn: Linear Equation or not?



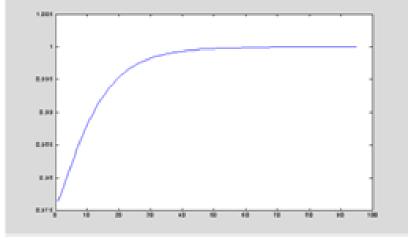


Your turn: Linear Equation or not?





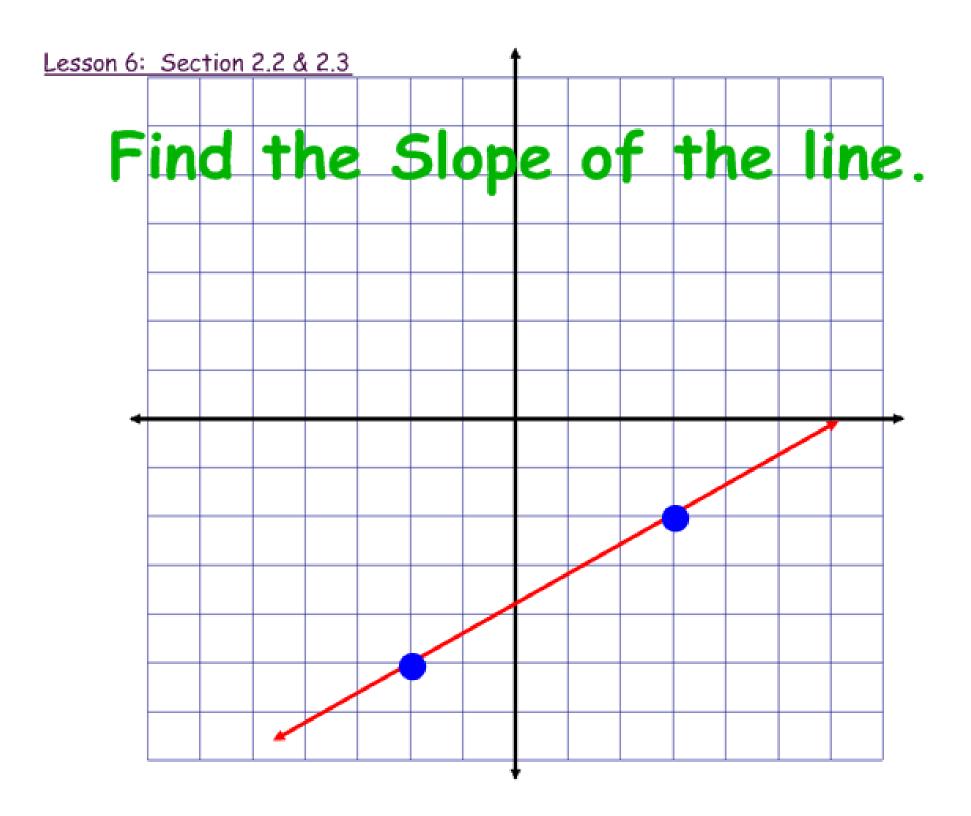
b.)



$$Slope = m$$

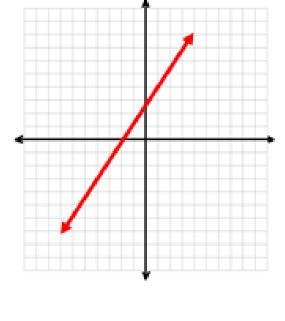
$$m = \frac{Kise}{Run}$$

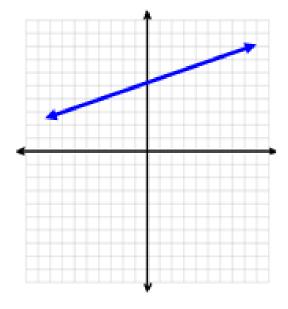
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

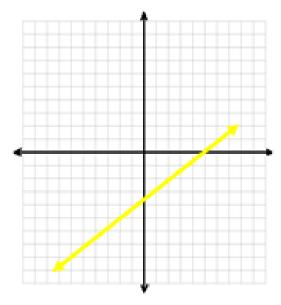


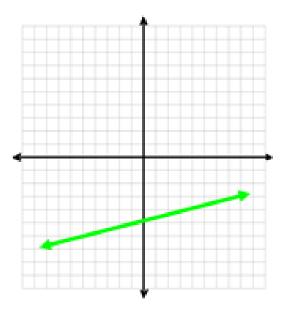
<u>Positive Slope Graphs</u> (<u>Increasing or Rising</u>)

m>0



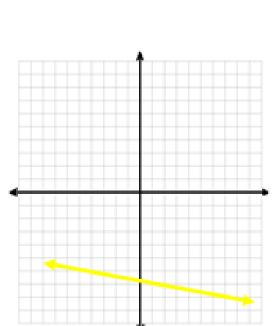


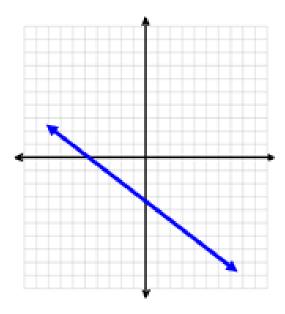


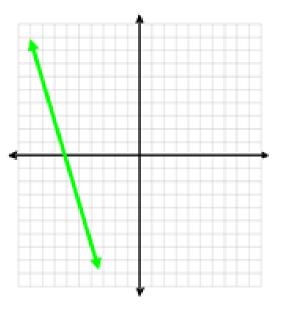


Negative Slope Graphs (Decreasing or Falling)

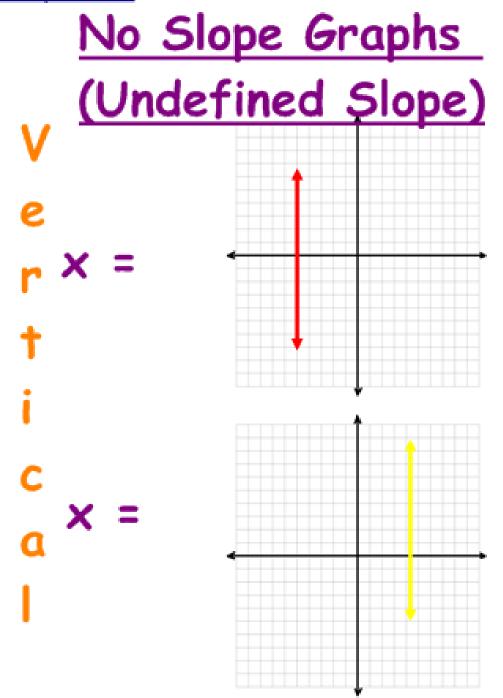
m<0







Slope=0 Graphs Honizontal



Example 1:

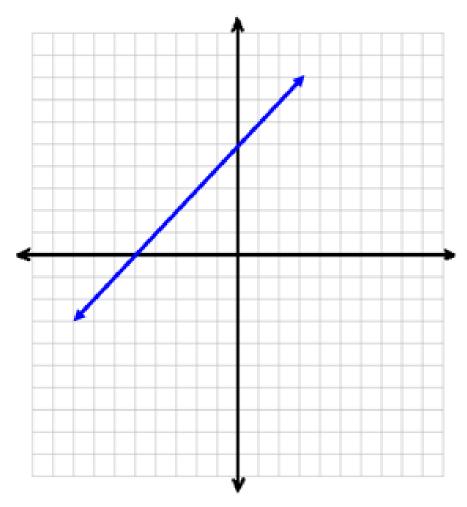
Find the Slope of the line that passes through the points (3,4) and (6, -8).

Example 2:

Find the intercept points. (Where the graph crosses each axis.

x- intercept: (,

y-intercept: (,



But how do we find the intercept point without a picture?

 When looking for the y-intercept, plug a zero in for X and solve for Y.

 When looking for the x-intercept, plug a zero in for Y and solve for X.

Example 3:

Find the x-int and y-int of 2x + y = 6 and graph.

x-intercept:

- Plug in a zero for y
- Solve for x

<u>y-intercept:</u>

- Plug in a zero for x
- Solve for y

Example 3 continued: Find the x-int and y-int of 2x + y = 6and graph.

Example 4: Find the x-int and y-int of x = 4and graph.

Example 5:

Find the x-int and y-int of 3x + 4 = 7y and graph.

x-intercept:

- Plug in a zero for y
- Solve for x

y-intercept:

- Plug in a zero for x
- Solve for y

Example 5 continued: Find the x-int and y-int of 3x + 4 = 7y and graph.

Example 6:

Find the x-int and y-int of y = -3 and graph.

Can the point of interception on the x-axis and the point of interception on the y-axis ever be the same point?

 When we only have one point (0,0), we need to pick another X and plug it into the equation to find Y. We now have another point to plot and can connect the points to make a line.

Objectives:

- ~ Find the Slope of a line
- ~ State whether an equation is Linear
- ~ Find x and y intercepts of a line
- ~ Graph a line by x and y intercepts

Can you?

Homework:

Assignment 6